

History Curriculum - March 2019.

Class	Curriculum content.
5	<p data-bbox="204 253 715 286"><u>Ancient Indian and Persian Mythology.</u></p> <ul data-bbox="252 331 1212 728" style="list-style-type: none">• Geography of the Asian Subcontinent• The gods of ancient India.• The avatars of Vishnu: Krishna's deeds. The Mahabharata and the Bhagavad Gita.• The Ramayana and the battle of gods and asuras.• The caste system of ancient Hinduism.• The life of Gautama Buddha and the arising of a new impulse in India.• Geography of ancient Persia.• Zarathustra's life and teachings: the battle of Light and Darkness.• The beginnings of farming and domestication of animals. <p data-bbox="204 772 794 806"><u>Ancient Babylonian and Egyptian Mythology.</u></p> <ul data-bbox="252 851 1260 1198" style="list-style-type: none">• Geography of the Tigris and Euphrates Rivers.• Ur and Babylon: the first cities in the ancient world.• Chaldean astronomy; the Epic of Gilgamesh.• The geography of Egypt, "the gift of the Nile".• Egyptian myths; Ra, Isis and Osiri, Imhotep, Djoser and the Pyramids. The Sphinx.• Pharaoh, priests and scribes.• Everyday life in ancient Egypt.• Temple construction, mummification and the Egyptian. <p data-bbox="204 1243 443 1276">Greek Mythology.</p> <ul data-bbox="252 1321 1141 1444" style="list-style-type: none">• Geography of Greece and Asia Minor.• Greek myths and epics: The Iliad and The Odyssey.• The rise of Athens and Sparta and their contrasting ways of life.
6	<p data-bbox="204 1523 438 1556"><u>Roman History 1:</u></p> <ul data-bbox="252 1601 837 1803" style="list-style-type: none">• Early beginnings of Rome.• Romulus and Remus.• Seven kings of Rome.• Special attention to Tarquinius Superbus.• Hannibal crossing the Alps. <p data-bbox="204 1848 427 1881"><u>Roman History 2</u></p> <ul data-bbox="252 1915 790 2105" style="list-style-type: none">• The Structure of the Roman Republic.• The Values and Ethos of Rome.• Gladiators and Circuses.• The Rise to power of Julius Caesar.• Assassination of Julius Caesar.

	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Birth of Jesus Christ. • The Rise and Fall of the Roman Empire. • Persecution of Christians. <p><u>Roman History 3</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Roman Britain, Decline of Roman Empire. • Arthurian Legends. • The rise of feudalism. • King- monarchies. • Pope- Church. • Life of Mohammed, rise of Islam. • Charlemagne. • Crusades. • Wars of the Roses.
7	<p><u>Explorers and the New World:</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Marco Polo, Henry the Navigator, Columbus, Cartier, Pilgrim Fathers. • Overland (US) to Pacific. • Pizarro, Magellan. • Astronomy. • Geocentric viewpoint <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - observational - invention of the telescope. <p><u>Heliocentric theory</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • -Copernicus • -Galileo <p><u>Renaissance:</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Renaissance of Art <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Michelangelo - Leonardo da Vinci. • Renaissance of Religion: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Luther - Reformation. <p>Shakespeare and England at that time.</p>
8	<p><u>The Age of Revolutions</u></p> <p>The changing consciousness of Man and how the individual starts to break free from the fetters of the old “authority” of the Church and the King.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Persecution of Protestants in Europe • English Civil War • Pilgrim Fathers • Slavery and its legacy on the world • American War of Independence • The French Revolution <p><u>Industrial Revolution to Modern Times</u></p> <p>Social Reform</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Colonialism

	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • American Civil War • World War 1 • World War 2 • Holocaust • Cold War • Post War • Commercialism • Air travel • The technological age
9	<p><u>Modern history</u> Emphasis on the ideas that motivated and drove historical development and their balancing forces</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 15th Century – humanity’s expanding horizons and significance of this • 17th Century – dissolution of old social structures and their replacement by new political ones • 18th Century – the ideas of the Enlightenment in Europe and America • 19th Century – the flowing together of the history of various peoples • 20th Century – the antagonism of Communism, Facism and Capitalism, the emergence of a global economy and tensions between developed and developing countries • Domestic history within the wider perspective of world history
10	OCR GCSE History is offered as an option
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